

(Mobile ebook) Discontinuities in Ecosystems and Other Complex Systems (Complexity in Ecological Systems)


# Discontinuities in Ecosystems and Other Complex Systems (Complexity in Ecological Systems)

*From Columbia University Press*  
*ebooks | Download PDF | \*ePub | DOC | audiobook*

Craig R. Allen and C. S. Holling, Editors

## DISCONTINUITIES IN ECOSYSTEMS AND OTHER COMPLEX SYSTEMS



 Download

 Read Online

#1896766 in eBooks 2012-08-13 2012-08-13 File Name: B008PDDBR20 | File size: 56.Mb

**From Columbia University Press : Discontinuities in Ecosystems and Other Complex Systems (Complexity in Ecological Systems)** before purchasing it in order to gage whether or not it would be worth my time, and all praised Discontinuities in Ecosystems and Other Complex Systems (Complexity in Ecological Systems):

0 of 0 people found the following review helpful. Five StarsBy avid readerimportant work, using for class

Following the publication of C. S. Holling's seminal work on the relationship between animal body mass patterns and scale-specific landscape structure, ecologists began to explore the theoretical and applied consequences of discontinuities in ecosystems and other complex systems. Are ecosystems and their components continuously distributed and do they adhere to scaling laws, or are they discontinuous and more complex than early models would have us believe? The resulting propositions over the structure of complex systems sparked an ongoing debate regarding the mechanisms generating discontinuities and the statistical methods used for their detection. This volume takes the view that ecosystems and other complex systems are inherently discontinuous and that such fields as ecology, economics, and urban studies greatly benefit from this paradigm shift. Contributors present evidence of the ubiquity of discontinuous distributions in ecological and social systems and how their analysis provides insight into complex phenomena. The book is divided into three sections. The first focuses on background material and contrasting views concerning the discontinuous organization of complex systems. The second discusses discontinuous patterns detected in a number of different systems and methods for detecting them, and the third touches on the potential significance of discontinuities in complex systems. Science is still dominated by a focus on power laws, but the contributors to this volume are convinced power laws often mask the interesting dynamics of systems and that those dynamics are best revealed by investigating deviations from assumed power law distributions. In 2008, a grand conference on resilience was held in Stockholm, hosting 600 participants from around the world. There are now three big centers established with resilience, the most recent one being the Stockholm Resilience Center, with others in Australia (an international coral reef center), Arizona State University's new sustainability center focusing on anthropology, and Canada's emerging social sciences and resilience center. Activity continues to flourish in Alaska, South Africa, and the United Kingdom, and a new center is forming in Uruguay.

*Discontinuities in Ecosystems and Other Complex Systems...* is another interesting entry in the resilience literature. (Conservation Biology) About the Author Craig R. Allen is leader of the USGS Nebraska Cooperative Fish and Wildlife Research Unit and associate professor in the School of Natural Resources, University of Nebraska. He serves on the board of directors of the Resilience Alliance and the board of editors of the journal *Ecology and Society*. C. S. Holling has worked at the Institute of Resource Ecology, University of British Columbia, and the International Institute for Applied Systems Analysis in Vienna. He has also held the Arthur R. Marshall Jr. Chair in Ecological Sciences at the University of Florida, where he launched a comparative study of the structure and dynamics of ecosystems in the Florida Everglades. He is a coeditor of Columbia University Press's *Barriers and Bridges to the Renewal of Regional Ecosystems*.